

IDIOMATIC FUTURE (*BE GOING TO*)

	Structure	Examples
Affirmative	Subject + <i>be going to</i> + verb + complement.	I am going to watch a baseball game. You are going to eat pizza tonight. She is going to buy a new bicycle. We are going to study math tomorrow.
Negative	Subject + <i>not</i> + <i>going to</i> + verb + complement.	I am not going to the party next Friday. You are not going to work at home this weekend. He is not going to meet Karla tonight. They are not going to play soccer this afternoon.
Interrogative	Verb <i>to be</i> + subject + <i>going to</i> + verb + complement.	Am I going to wash the dishes? Are you going to buy that dress? Is Carlos going to walk the dog? Are we going to study for the exam?

- *Be going to* is used to express future plans decided before the moment of speaking.
- We also use *be going to* for predictions based on present evidence: It *is going to* rain because the sky is gray.

SIMPLE FUTURE (WILL)

	Structure	Examples
Affirmative	Subject + <i>will / 'll</i> + verb + complement.	I will send you an email tomorrow. You will work as an engineer. She' ll study French next year. We' ll look for dance auditions.
Negative	Subject + <i>will not / won't</i> + verb + complement.	I won't be here next month. You won't play baseball at college. He won't come to your party. They won't be alone when they get older.
Interrogative	<i>Will</i> + subject + verb + complement.	Will I see you tomorrow? Will you go to the mall? Will she be at home next Saturday? Will we be happy together?

- *Will* is used to talk about predictions, intentions, and promises.